

## 12TH N. Y. OFFICERS RESIGN, IS REPORT

**Gen. O'Ryan and Those Concerned Decline to Give Information.**

### RUMOR OF AN INSULT

**Belief Is That the Difficulty Will Be Patched Up on Border.**

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Dec. 1.—Major-General John F. O'Ryan, commanding the New York Guard division in the Brownsville district, and officers of the Twelfth New York Infantry today refused to discuss a report that the resignations of Col. Gordon Johnston and all other officers of the Twelfth had been sent to the War Department at Washington. Gen. O'Ryan declined it a matter to be handled in detail.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Dec. 1.—Major-General John F. O'Ryan said to-night he had not received official information of the resignation of any of the officers of the Twelfth New York Infantry and did not know whether or not they had resigned.

Local authorities from the border said that members of other military organizations were preparing petitions addressed to the officers involved and asking them to rescind their resignations for the good of the service. An other report, not accepted as official, but believed to be accurate, said the commanding was responsible for the offending of any of the officers was not intentional. It was stated in these reports that the firing of the flag while the Twelfth New York was in review had not been explained by a second review and that Major-General O'Ryan, commanding the division, denies the report that he deliberately left the field with his staff before the second review was finished.

A detailed report of the incident is expected to be filed with Gen. Funston before any action is taken.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The resignations of army officers can come to the War Department only through the regular military channels. It will be several days at least before any communication from the officers of the Twelfth New York Infantry will reach Washington. Meanwhile officials of the Department decline to pass any formal opinion upon the matter.

Only in the event there was a conspiracy resulting in concerted action, it was said, would court-martials be likely to follow. At any rate, it was explained, the case must be dealt with by Major-General O'Ryan and then perhaps by Major-General Wilson before the Department could be called involved.

A statement compiled today shows that since the mobilization of the militia in the border States President Wilson has accepted the resignations of 450 National Guard officers who desired to leave the service for personal or business considerations.

**NO SURPRISE HERE.**

**Friction Between Militia and Regulars Has Been Frequent.**

The reported resignations of officers from the Twelfth Regiment, now at McAllen, Tex., did not surprise those who have been watching the Federalizing process which the National Guard is undergoing. The friction between the state officials and the regulars, not only down on the border but in this city, Officers of the Department of the East and the headquarters staff in the Municipal Building have exchanged curt messages more than once.

A former officer of the Twelfth, ascertained yesterday that Major-General O'Ryan bore no good will toward Col. Gordon Johnston, commanding the Twelfth. Col. Johnston was originally attached with the rank of Captain, to Major-General Leonard Wood's staff on Governor's Island, and when he first joined the Twelfth the officers were a bit doubtful about him, but he speedily made friends, in spite of or because of his strict discipline, and when the developments of Saturday made him suspect, his officers followed suit.

National Guard headquarters heard nothing officially yesterday about the Twelfth. The regulars, however, said Col. Johnston and his staff officers would first go to Major-General Frederick Funston, commanding the Department of the South, and finally to the President. They must pass through brigade and division headquarters at McAllen. Gen. O'Ryan's supporters in the National Guard say that the resignations— if they have been sent—should be interpreted by a man of power that would not be accepted by the President.

**ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.**

**JOBS FOR GUARDSMEN NOW OFFER PROBLEM**

## MOVIE CENSORS PUT TIME LIMIT ON KISS

**Many Firms Found Unwilling to Take Back Men Who Went to Border.**

With the return of the greater part of the regiments making up the New York division on the border, National Guard officers are beginning to realize the seriousness of the employment problem as it affects the men under them.

Early last month Major-General John F. O'Ryan, in command of the division, sent out orders to regimental commanders to have compiled a list of men who had been discharged from their civil positions. At least 700 were found in this predicament. Letters addressed to former employers of these men had an immediate effect in a few cases. The corporations or firms wrote back to Major-General O'Ryan to inform him that the men had not lost their jobs.

In these instances it was necessary only to point to the law prohibiting employers from discharging their men because they had joined the guard. The details of other cases, however, are still in dispute.

The same situation in less serious degree exists with regard to the Seventh Regiment, which returned Tuesday, and to be ministered to-day. Col. William G. Fisk has considered the cases of firms which said they would not take back their men, but he believes these difficulties will be adjusted. He said none of his men had complained to him, but it was not difficult to find men yesterday who did not know where their next month's salary is coming from after Uncle Sam snatched them out of the 40 cents drill, as provided for in the new regulations, does not go a long way.

**U. S. TROOPS READY TO ATTACK VILLA**

**Continued from Second Page.**

Latest developments is the report that Villa intends if possible to force the American troops to intervene in his idea of uniting Mexico with the other people in Mexico city. This is recognized as Villa's motive in making his Columbus raid. Since then he has not been near enough to the border to threaten further trouble. But control of the northern provinces would undoubtedly give him opportunity to attempt further raids.

**READY FOR ATTACK.**

**Juarez and El Paso Prepare for Villa's Coming.**

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 1.—Several battalions of troops rolled into Juarez to-day, some from Chihuahua, following the city's capture by Pancho Villa. Villa made preparations to-day to repeat attack, as it is feared that Villa will come to the border.

American officials do not think that Villa intends to come so near to such a large force of American troops as is now assembled here, in view of the fact that orders are out to American commanders "to get Villa." However, preparations were continued on the American side to-day for protection of El Paso in the event of an attack on the border.

Gen. Francisco Gonzales, Carrancista commander of the border zone, stated that he was taking all possible measures for the protection of Juarez against attack by Villistas. He said he now has about 1,500 troops and would have 2,500 by Saturday morning. It was denied, however, that these were Trevino's troops defeated at Chihuahua City.

"People on both sides are anxious to see what the Villa bandits are doing," said General Andrade. Villa asserted to-day: "We will have 15,000 men and a large number of field pieces in Juarez at once, driving the garrison troops from other parts of the State, and we will have 5,000 men between Chihuahua City and Juarez to prevent any movement Villa may make."

Villa's men were reported to be loading two trains with loot from the stores and residences of Chihuahua city and preparing to follow these trains west on the Mexican Northwest. General Andrade, who left Chihuahua to-day, said: "The wagons were sealed by United States customs officers and placed under guard."

Villa is a military garrison to-night, and the barracks are filled with soldiers and the railroad yards crowded with troop trains and parked artillery. The streets swarm with Carrancista soldiers, but also a horde of bandit unions, and there isn't much she doesn't know about the ways of employers.

"I tell you, you must watch them and watch them," she cried, lifting her tiny forefinger, pointing to the men who were loading the wagons. "What is right, I say to them. You wish us to obey law and order very well, but you obey law and order, too! The employers want me to do this, and now you have the forty-nine week hour law, and now you have the night shift, when addresses were made by Philadelphian P. Clinton, United States Commissioner of Education; Samuel M. Crothers of Cambridge, Mass., and State Commissioner John H. Finley.

The sessions will continue to-day.

**LABOR WOES TOLD BY TINY FORELADY**

**Women's Trade Union League Hears About the "49 a Week Hour Law."**

**FOR CHESAPEAKE FLEET BASE**

**Jamestown Exposition Site Suggested to House Naval Committee.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The Atlantic fleet needs an adequate fleet base on Chesapeake Bay, Capt. Jonah McLean, head of material to the chief of operations, told the House Naval Committee to-day. He urged the purchase of the old Jamestown Exposition site, facing the ocean and situated in Hampton Roads, for the purpose, as the site has been deemed to be the best for a naval base afterward used English strength to advantage of England with a rawhide more w-wish emphasis than is often heard in New York or even in Chicago or Wichita.

In the afternoon the 400 teachers separated into high school, college, normal, and grade speaking sections, as follows: Latin, French, German, Spanish, Italian, and English. The sessions will continue to-day.

**FOR CUNARD LINE MAKES CHANGE.**

**F. Ashley Sparks to Be Manager for U. S. From Jan. 1.**

The recent arrival here of Sir Alfred Knapp, in command of the United States forces here, gives assurance that there is no intention on the part of the United States to destroy the independence of the republic, but on the contrary, expresses a desire to assist the country to establish internal order and to help it to comply with the provisions of its conventions and to fulfill its obligations as a member of the family of nations.

Capt. Knapp requested the cooperation of the inhabitants in the restoration of order and domestic tranquillity. A censorship of new-papers, cable and telegraph lines was established. A budget was given that payment of the budget suspended in August soon would be made.

Quiet prevailed here last night. Two severe earthquakes shocks were felt here last night. There was no damage.

**FOR ROBERTSON'S PRIVATE SCHOOLS**

**YOUNG MEN AND BOYS.**

**BERKLEY-TRYING SCHOOL.**

**From Primary to College.**

**For Boys 200-250.**

**For Girls 150-200.**

**For Young Men 150-200.**

**For Young Boys 150-200.**

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